

More?

gence of Political Tr

Urban and Rural Eur

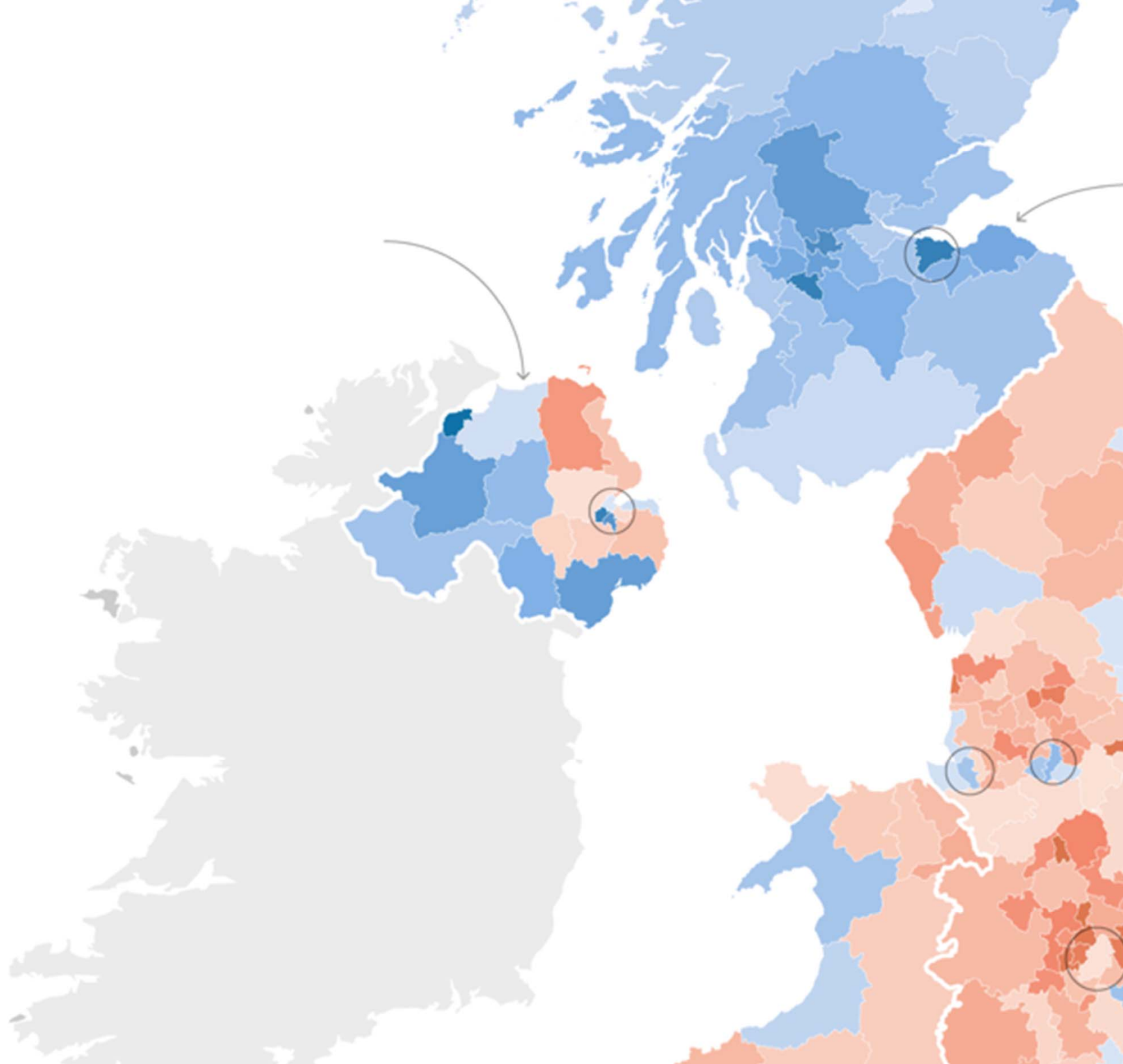
ool of Economics n.d.lee@lse.ac.uk



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nd the

laf in the



Investigate the geography of dissatisfaction
in the last five waves of the European S
es, giving us a sample of over 120,000

st a divergence in trust between urba
ling in the cities but not the countrysid

Confidence in institutions such as the judiciary, the bureaucracy, and the police

has been seen as important in political science, because

of its role in the functioning of democracy (e.g. Crozier, Huntington, and

Alford). It is also seen as important because government acts in public / individual interest (B

gap between parties (Hetherington and Rudolph).

y:

According to individual characteristics such as
and beliefs

e.g. quality of local government (Age
community (Putnam), local economy, I

e mitigated by **sorting**, as individuals r

representative survey

the ESS years 2008, 2010,

for which we have data in
simple variation affection

for a total population of

< 16, and remove
observations

Countries:

Belgium

Czech
Republic

France

Germany

Lithuania

Netherlands

Portugal

Slovenia

um, not a binary distinction (Scala and Johnson

ents to classify their own residence as one of
the sample)

ts of big city (11.7%)

(32.2%)

.0%)

ountryside (7.4%)

inction, but also “**urban / rural**” - where rural is
e in the countryside.

eported - meaning we are seeing perceptions (a

st in the legal system

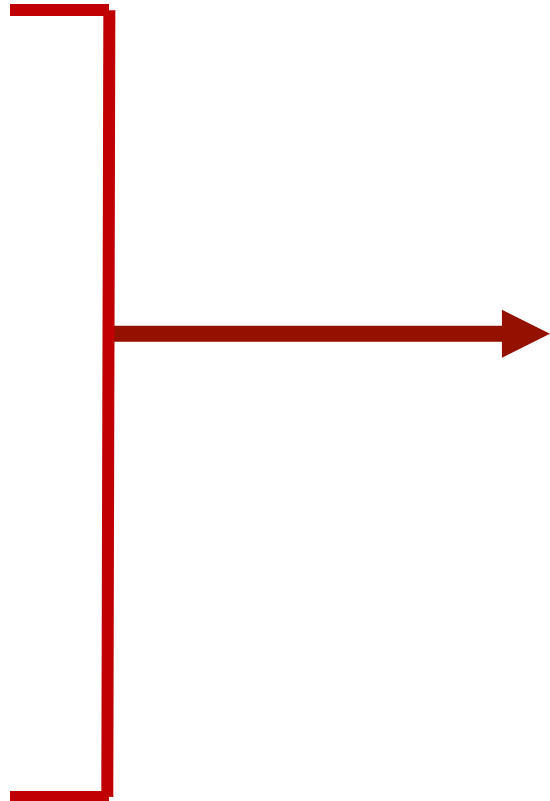
st in the police

st in the United Nations

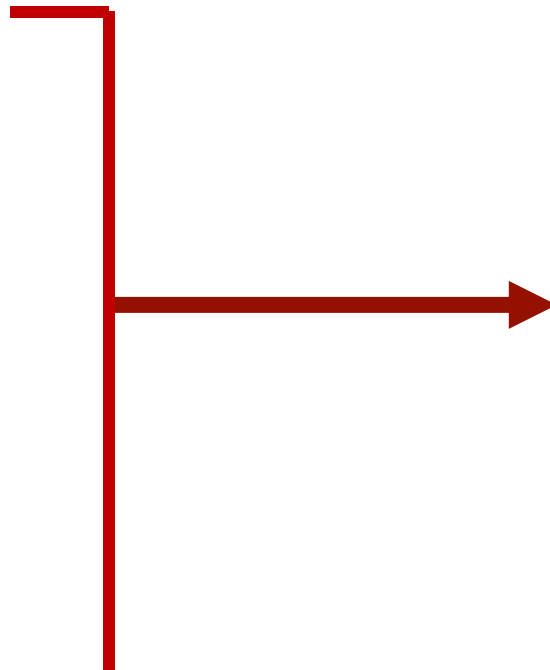
st in the country's parliament

st in politicians

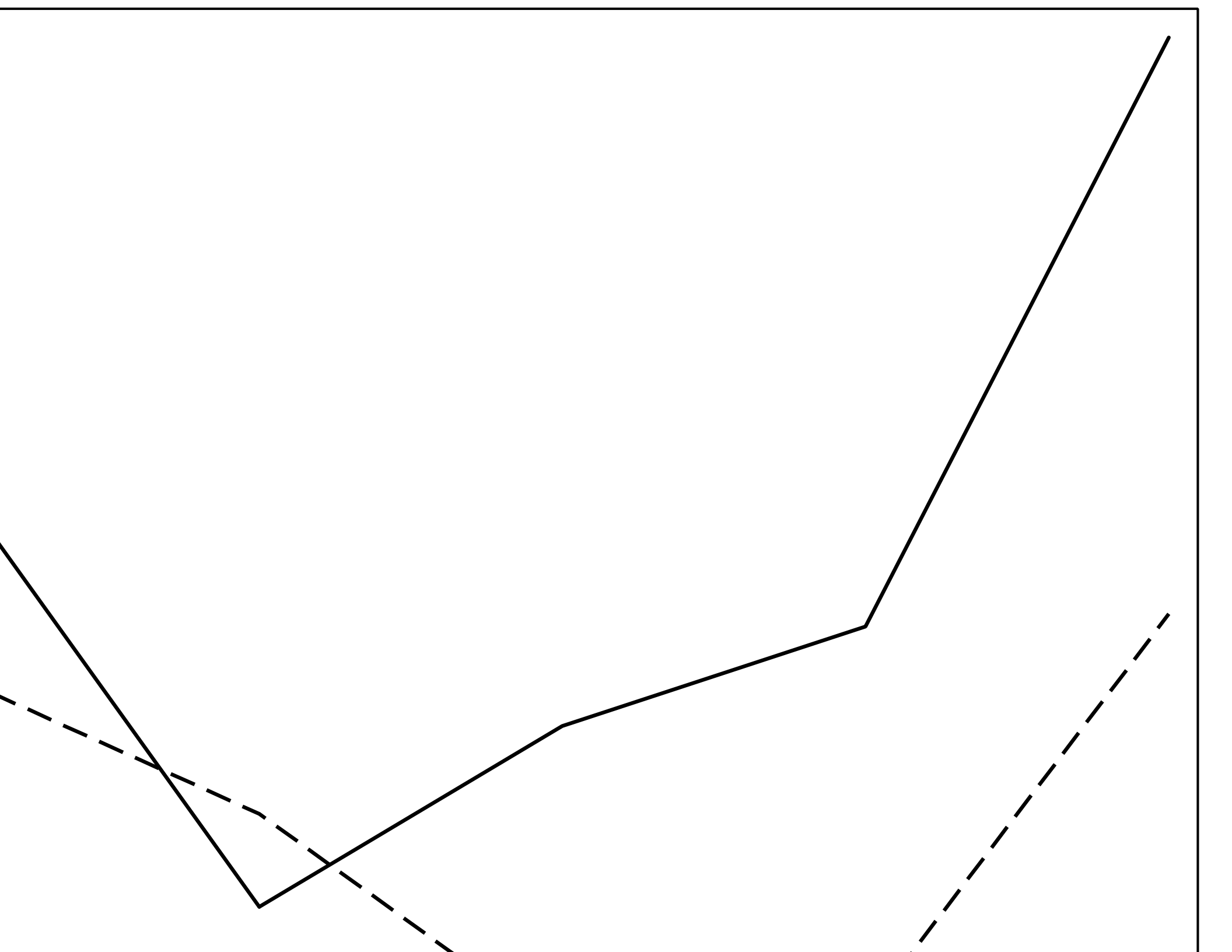
st in political parties

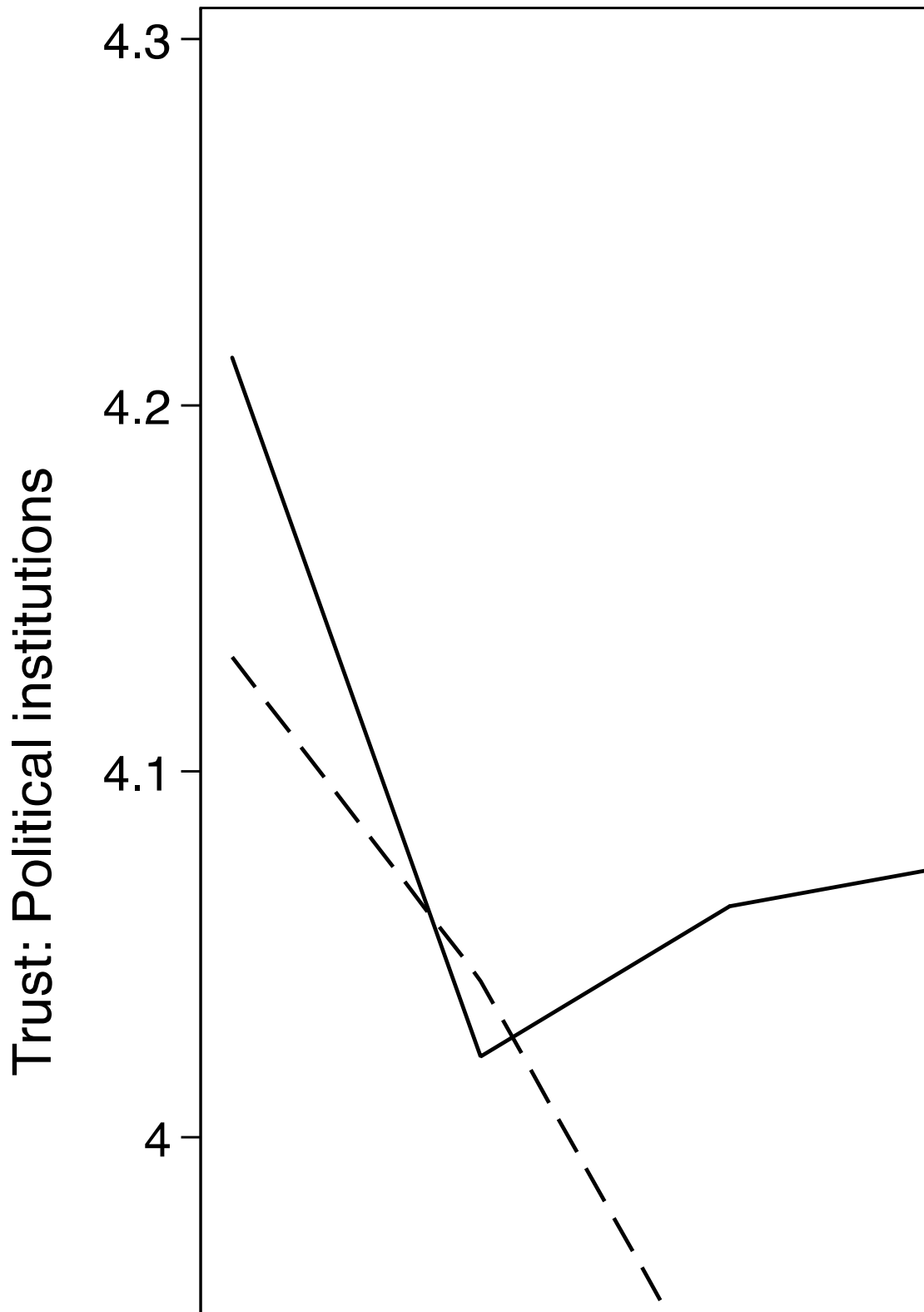
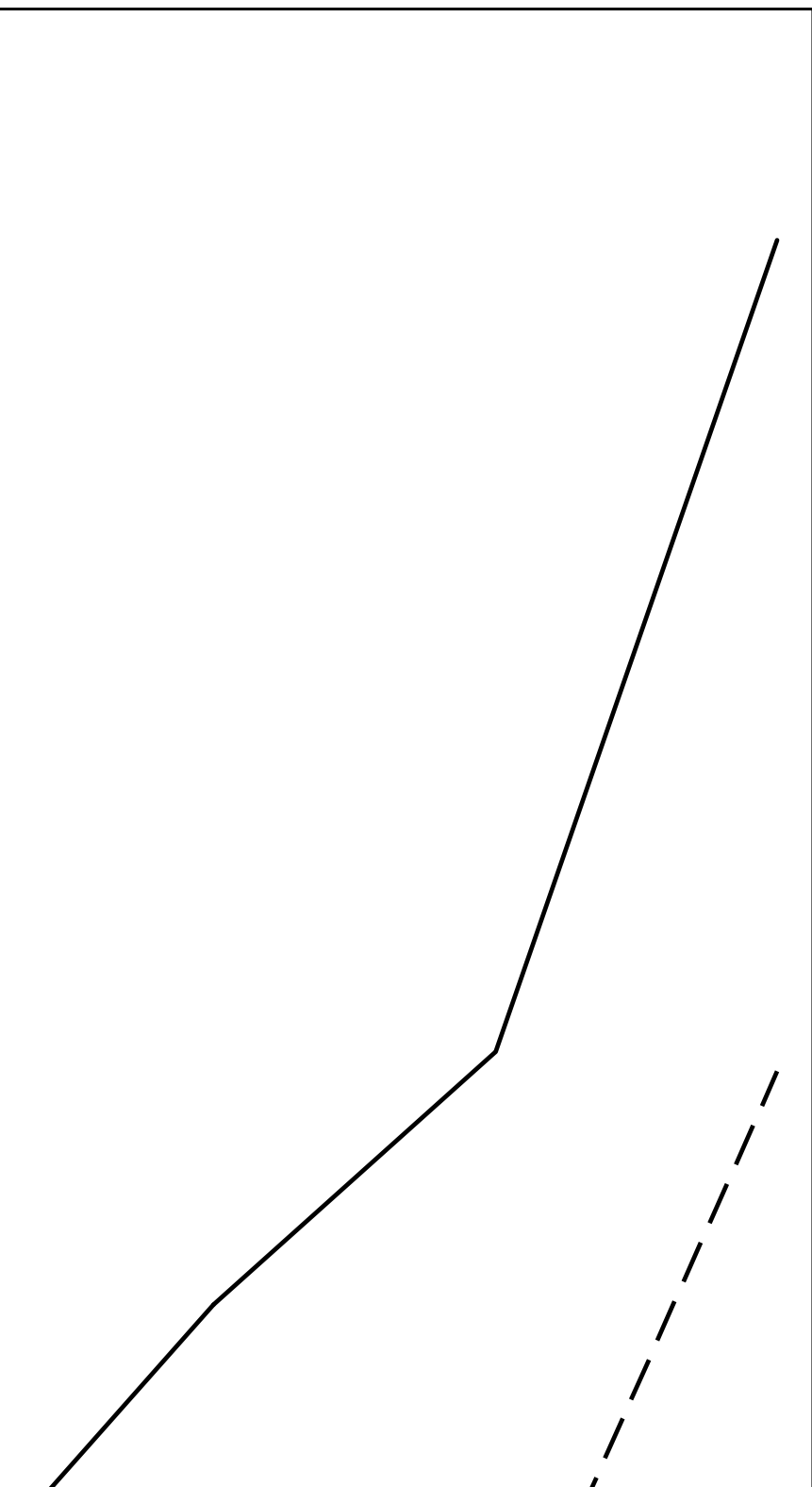


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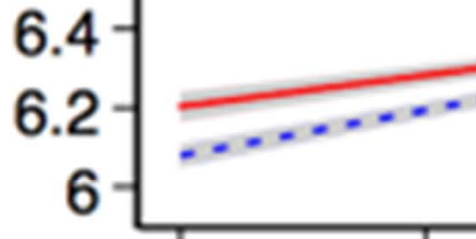
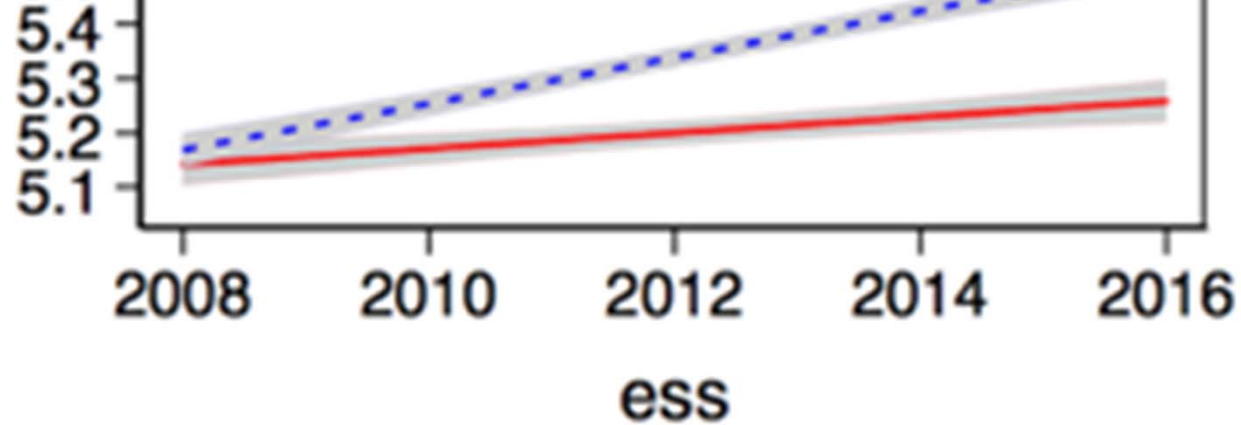
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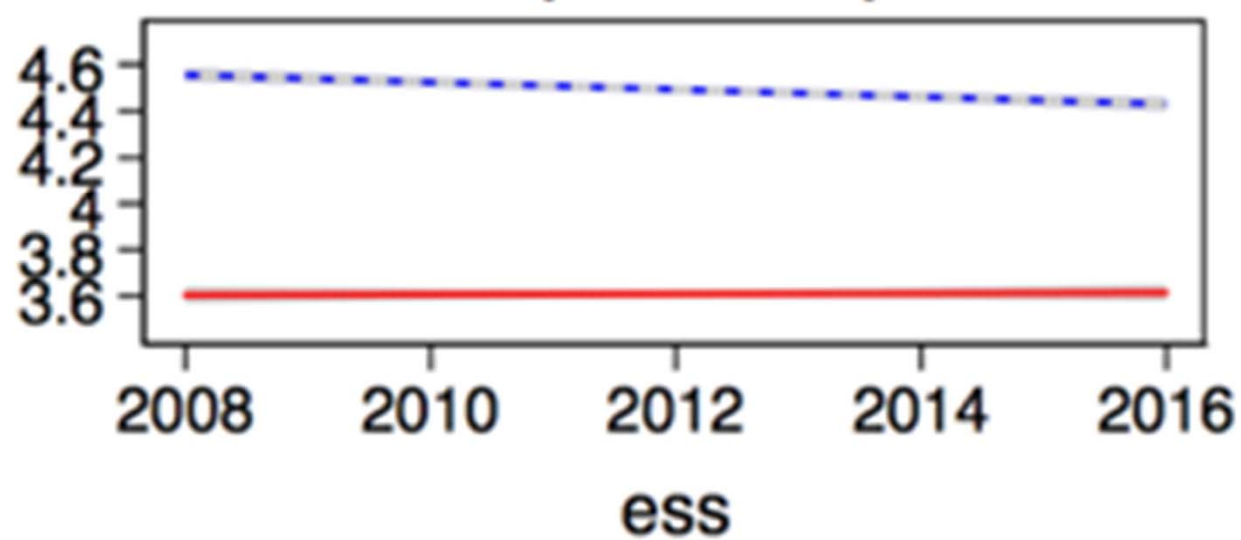


2016

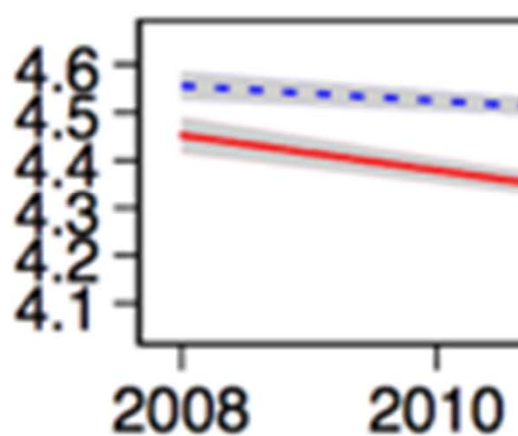


2008 2010

Trust in political parties



Trust in the l



ns

Most people can be trusted



5.35

Individual level OLS model:

$$+ \beta_2 \text{Demographic}_i + \beta_3 \text{Income}_i + \beta_4 V$$

where: Trust is one of the measures of po

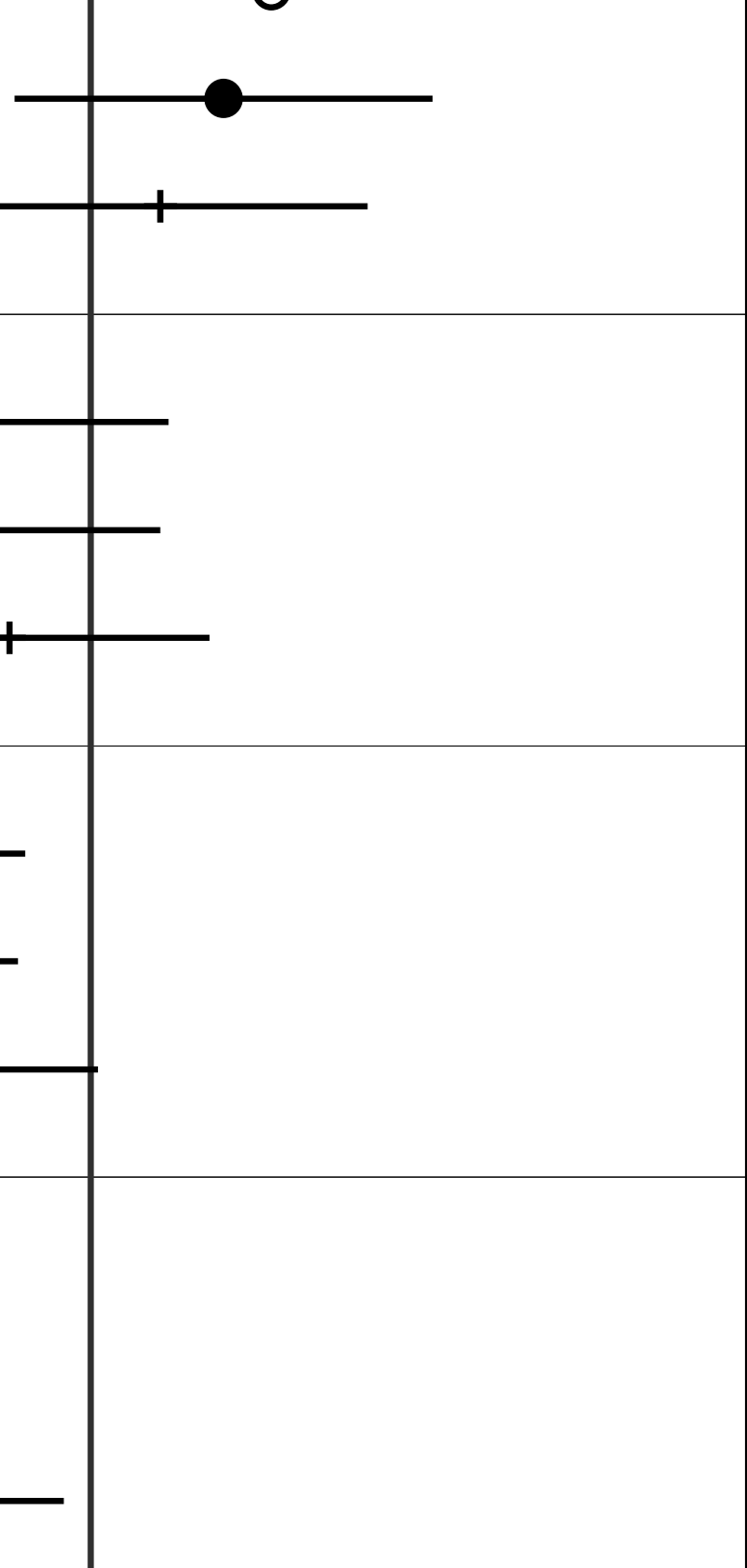
ure of rurality

s age, gender, qualifications and ethnicity

individual's position in the country's income

of indicators of individual values around g

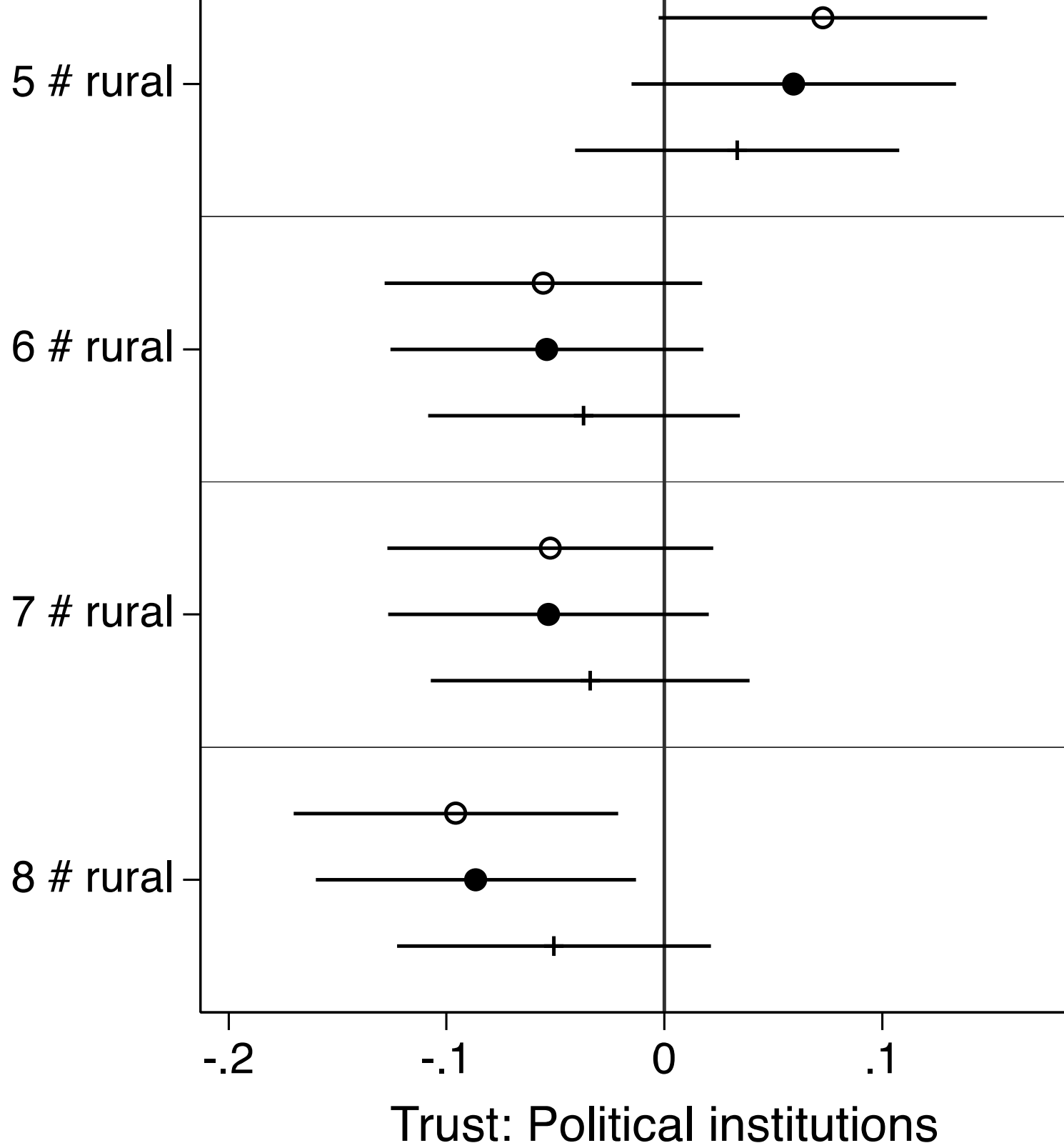
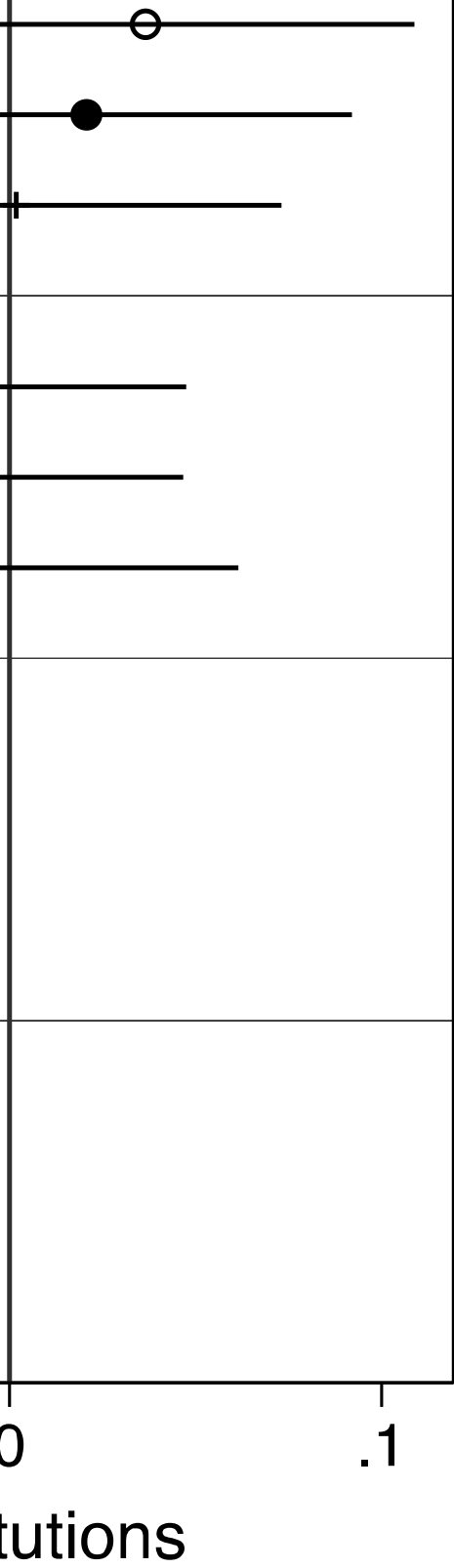
	Political trust	Political trust	institutions	institu
city	-0.0832***	-0.0433**	-0.0327	-0.0
	(0.0202)	(0.0195)	(0.0215)	(0.0
	-0.186***	-0.0639***	-0.0770***	-0.0
	(0.0162)	(0.0158)	(0.0172)	(0.0
	-0.232***	-0.0769***	-0.103***	-0.04
	(0.0165)	(0.0163)	(0.0178)	(0.0
ide	-0.280***	-0.0653***	-0.0919***	-0.0
	(0.0240)	(0.0234)	(0.0260)	(0.0
	X	X	X	X
	X	X	X	X
		X	X	X



○ Country only

● Country + Demographics

+ Country + Demographics + Values



s **Jaunes** coming from the countryside
more general phenomenon: **the divergence**
between urban and rural-Europe

y the case for neutral institutions – in p

of declining trust in the countryside, but
l urban areas, with some forms of trust